Computer Networks

SET-21

By

BHARAT BHUSHAN @ B. K. NAL

Assistant Professor (Computer Science) Director, BSTI, Kokar

&

SUPRIYA BHARATI

Assistant Professor (Computer Science) Asst. Director, BSTI, Kokar



Buddha Science & Technical Institute

Kokar, Ranchi-834001, Jharkhand, India www.bharatsir.com

	1. Application layer is implemented in						
	A. end system						
	B. nic						
	C. ethernet						
ξ	D. packet transport						
שבו ש	2. Which network topology requires a central						
Ž	controller or hub?						
(al)	A. star						
	B. mesh						
,	C. ring						
2	D. bus						
,	3. Fiber optics posses following properties						
etworks with bharat Sir, boll, hokar, kand							
<u>ত</u>	A. immune electromagnetic interference						
בש	B. very less signal attenuation						
	C. very hard to tap						
2	D. all of the mentioned						
5	4. The physical layer provides						
7	A. mechanical specifications of electrical						
Š	connectors and cables						
บ	B. electrical specification of transmission line						
	signal level						
מב	C. specification for ir over optical fiber						
computer	D. all of the mentioned						
o	5. Datagram networks mainly refers to						
ر ا	A. connection oriented networks						
	B. connection less networks						
	C. telephone networks						
	D. internetwork						

6. Which of the following is not correct in relation to multi-destination routing?

- A. is same as broadcast routing
- B. contains the list of all destinations
- C. data is not sent by packets
- D. there are multiple receivers

7. Which of the following are transport layer protocols used in networking?

- A. tcp and ftp
- B. udp and http
- C. tcp and udp
- D. http and ftp

8. Which of the following computer networks is built on the top of another network?

- A. prior network
- B. chief network
- C. prime network
- D. overlay network

9. Network congestion occurs _____

- A. in case of traffic overloading
- B. when a system terminates
- C. when connection between two nodes terminates
- D. in case of transfer failure

10. HFC contains _____

- A. fibre cable
- B. coaxial cable
- C. a combination of fibre cable and coaxial cable
- D. twisted pair cable

11. Which of the following factors affect transmission rate in DSL?

- A. the gauge of the twisted-pair line
- B. degree of electrical interfernece
- C. shadow fading
- D. the gauge of the twisted-pair line and degree of electrical interference

12. TCP/IP model does not have ____ layer but OSI model have this layer.

- A. session layer
- B. transport layer
- C. application layer
- D. network layer

13. Which layer provides the services to user?

- A. application layer
- B. session layer
- C. presentation layer
- D. physical layer

14. Header of a frame generally contains

- A. synchronization bytes
- B. addresses
- C. frame identifier
- D. all of the mentioned

15. A 4 byte IP address consists of _____

- A. only network address
- B. only host address
- C. network address & host address
- D. network address & mac address

16. In TDM, slots are further divided into _____

A. seconds

	A.	frames
	В.	packets
	C.	bits
17.	Mul	tiplexing provides
	A.	efficiency
	В.	privacy
	C.	anti jamming
	D.	both efficiency & privacy
18.		allows LAN users to share
	com	nputer programs and data.
	A.	communication server
	В.	print server
	C./	file server
(D.	network / W
19,	Wha	at is the central device in star topology?
ĺ	A.	stp server
,	В.	hub/switch
	\Ç.\	pdc /
	D.	router
20.	Pacl	ket sniffers involve
	A.	active receiver
	В.	passive receiver
	C.	legal receiver
	D.	partially-active receiver
21.	A lo	cal telephone network is an example of a
		network.
	A.	packet switched
	В.	circuit switched
	C.	bit switched
	D.	line switched

22. Which is not a application layer	protocol?
--------------------------------------	-----------

- A. http
- B. smtp
- C. ftp
- D. tcp

23. Pick the odd one out.

- A. file transfer
- B. file download
- C. e-mail
- D. interactive games

24. The _____ translates internet domain and host names to IP address.

- A. domain name system
- B. routing information protocol
- C. network time protocol
- D. internet relay chat

25. The first line of HTTP request message is called

- A. request line
- B. header line
- C. status line
- D. entity line

	6	V		- 0		7	i.		
ANSWER									
1.	A	4	11.	D	L	21.	B		
2. /	Α		12.	A	1/	22.	D		
3.	D		13.	A	10	23.	D		
4.	D	D	14.	D	17/	24.	Α		
5.	В		15.	100		25.	Α/		
6.	C	4	16.	В			3 / 5		
7.	Ç	97	17.	D		3			
8.	D	11	18.	1891					
9.	Α	1	19.	В	一人				
10.	С		20.	В			_		